

ABHISHEK D BANSAL & CO.

Address: Bansal House, Prem Nagar Colony, Mursan Gate, Hathras, Uttar Pradesh - 204101
Email: abhishekd Bansal@gmail.com Contact-9910082910

Dated: 13/12/2019

To
The Board of Directors
Population Council Institute
B 21, Lower Ground Floor, Jangpura Extension
New Delhi- 110014

Sub : Consent to act as Statutory Auditors of the Company

Dear Sir(s)

This is with reference to your letter dated 13th December, 2019 for our appointment as statutory auditor of your Company, to hold office from the conclusion of 1st Annual General Meeting until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company, we hereby accept the same and undertake and certify that:

1. We satisfy the criteria provided under section 141 of the Companies Act, 2013.
2. We are eligible for appointment and are not disqualified under the Companies Act, 2013, the Chartered Accountants Act, 1949 and the rules or regulations made thereunder;
3. The proposed appointment is as per the term provided under the Act.
4. The proposed appointment is within the limits laid down by or under the authority of the Companies Act, 2013.
5. There are no proceedings against firm or any partner of the firm pending with respect to professional matters of conduct.

Thanking you,

For Abhishek D Bansal & Co
(Chartered Accountants)



CA Abhishek Bansal
Prop.
F.R. No. 016893C
M. No. 509096

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO MEMBERS OF POPULATION COUNCIL INSTITUTE

Report on the Standalone Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of POPULATION COUNCIL INSTITUTE ("the Company"), which comprises the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2019, and the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards referred specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on whether the Company has in place an adequate internal financial control system over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Handwritten signature: A. A. Baisalkar



Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India:-

- (a) In the case of the Balance Sheet, of the State of Affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2019;
- (b) In the case of statement of Profit and Loss, of the loss for the year ended on that date;

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- (1) As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, CARO is not applicable.
- (2) As required by section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
 - b. In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books;
 - c. The Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d. In our opinion, the Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2013;
 - e. On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2019, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2019, from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act.
 - f. The company has not paid any remuneration to its directors during the year, so the provisions of section 197 of the Act are not applicable.
 - g. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in Annexure 'A'.

For & on behalf of
Abhishek D Bansal & Co
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration Number: 016893C


(Abhishek Bansal)
Partner
M.N.-509096

Place: New Delhi

Date: 27.09.2019

**Annexure 'A' to Independent Auditors' Report
(Referred to in Paragraph 2 (f) under the heading of "report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of our report of even date)**

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of POPULATION COUNCIL INSTITUTE as at March 31st, 2019 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on internal policies & procedures, accounting records and essential components on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company as per Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness.

Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adopted an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31st, 2019, based on the Company's internal policies & procedures and accounting records and implementation of essential components on the internal controls over financial reporting.

For & on behalf of
Abhishek D Bansal & Co
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration Number: 016893C


(Abhishek Bansal)
Partner
M.N.-509096

Place: New Delhi

Date: 27.09.2019

UDIN:

Population Council Institute
Balance sheet as at 31st March 2019
(All amounts in Rupees unless otherwise stated)

	Note No.	As at 31st March 2019
I EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
1 Shareholders' Funds		
(a) Corpus	1	25,000
(b) Reserves and Surplus	2	(140,486)
		(115,486)
2 Non - Current Liabilities		
(a) Deferred Tax Liability		-
3 Current Liabilities		
(a) Other Current Liability	3	129,026
		129,026
4 Short Term Provisions		
(a) Provision for Tax		-
TOTAL		13,540
II ASSETS		
1 Fixed Assets		
(a) Tangible Assets	4	-
(b) Intangible Assets		-
		-
2 Non-Current Assets		
(a) Non Current Investments	5	-
(b) Long - Term Loans and Advances	6	-
		-
3 Current assets		
(a) Current Investments		-
(b) Trade Receivables		-
(c) Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	13,540
(d) Short - Term Loans and Advances	8	-
(e) Other Current Assets	9	-
		13,540
TOTAL		13,540


The accompanying notes from 1 to 12 form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report attached

For **Abhishek D Bansal & Co**
Chartered Accountants
Firm registration No. 016893C


(Abhishek Bansal)
PROP.
Membership No. : 509096

For and on behalf of the Board of
Population Council Institute


(Anil Paul)
Director


(Niranjan Saggurti)
Director

Place: New Delhi
Date: 27/09/2019

UDIN: 19509096AAAAAD3676

Population Council Institute
Statement of Income and Expenditure for the period ended 31st March 2019
(All amounts in Rupees unless otherwise stated)

	Note No.	For the period 07-01- 2019 to 31-03-2019
1 Revenue From Operations	10	300,437
Other Income	11	1,092
2 Total Revenue		301,529
3 Expenses:		
(a) Depreciation and Amortization Expense	4	-
(b) Other Expenses	12	442,015
Total Expenses		442,015
4 Profit/(loss) Before Tax (3 -4)		(140,486)
Current Tax		-
Deffered Tax		-
Mat Credit Entitlement		-
5 Profit/(loss) for the year (5-6)		(140,486)

The accompanying notes from 1 to 12 form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report attached

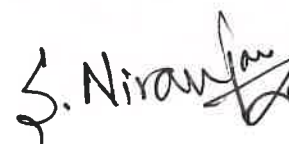
For Abhishek D Bansal & Co
Chartered Accountants
Firm registration No: 016893C

(Abhishek Bansal)
PROP.
Membership No. : 509096

For and on behalf of the Board of
Population Council Institute

 
(Anil Paul)
Director


(Niranjan Saggurti)
Director

Place: New Delhi
Date: 27/09/2019

Population Council Institute
Notes to financial statements for the period ended 31st March 2019
(All amounts in rupees unless otherwise stated)

Note No. 1 - Corpus

	As at 31st March 2019
	Rupees
(a) Corpus	25,000
	25,000



S. Niranjana

Population Council Institute
Notes to financial statements for the period ended 31st March 2019
(All amounts in rupess unless otherwise stated)

Note No. 2 - Reserve and Surplus

As at 31st March 2019

Surplus(Deficit) as per Profit & Loss Statement

At the commencement of the year

Profit/(loss) for the year

(140,486)

At the end of the year

(140,486)

Note No. 3 - Other Current Liability

As at 31st March 2019

Audit Fees Payable

Professional fee Payable

Rent payable

TDS Payable

10,000

40,500

40,000

38,526

129,026



S. Niranjana

Population Council Institute
Notes to financial statements for the period ended 31st March 2019
(All amounts in rupess unless otherwise stated)

Note No. 10 - Revenue from Operations

	<u>For the period 07-01- 2019 to 31-03-2019</u>
Grant received	300,437
	<u>300,437</u>

Note No. 11 - Other Income

	<u>For the period 07-01- 2019 to 31-03-2019</u>
Interest received from bank	1,092
	<u>1,092</u>

Note No.12 - Other Expenses

	<u>For the period 07-01- 2019 to 31-03-2019</u>
Audit Fees	10,000
Consultancy fee paid	347,765
Professional Fees	44,250
Rent paid	40,000
	<u>442,015</u>



S. Niranjana

POPULATION COUNCIL INSTITUTE

NOTES TO ACCOUNTS

Note 13 : SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. ACCOUNTING CONVENTION

The Financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Generally Accepted Principles ("GAAP") under the historical cost convention on accrual basis and are in accordance with the Companies Act, 2013 and the applicable accounting standards issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These accounting policies have been consistently applied, except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted by the company. Management evaluates the effect of accounting standards issued on a going basis and ensures they are adopted as mandated by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI).

As required & mandated by relevant guidelines prescribed under Companies Act, 2013, Company has prepared its financials as per Revised Schedule III. All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the revised Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products/services and the time between the acquisition of assets/services for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has considered a period of twelve months for the purposes of classification of assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

b. REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenue is being recognized on accrual basis in accordance with the accounting Standard 9 on "Revenue Recognition"

c. FIXED ASSETS

Fixed assets are stated at cost including taxes, duties, freight and other incidental expenses incurred in relation to acquisition and installation of the same.

Subsequent expenditure related to an item of fixed asset is added to its book value only if it increases the future benefit from the existing asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance.

d. DEPRECIATION

Depreciation is provided as per Schedule II of Companies Act, 2013.

e. TAXATION

The provision for taxation is ascertained on the basis of assessable profits computed in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax act, 1961.

f. CONTINGENT LIABILITY :

The company has not incurred any contingent liability. No claim of such nature is pending against the company.



9. The Company has no outstanding dues to suppliers under the micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act 2006 as at 31st March 2019.

10. **Comparative figures:**

There are no previous year figures for comparison as this is the first year of operations of the company.

As per our report of even date
Attached to the balance sheet
For & on behalf of
Abhishek D Bansal & Co
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No: 0168986



(Abhishek Bansal)
Partner
(M.N.-509096)

On behalf of the Board

Director

Director

Place : New Delhi
Date : September 27, 2019